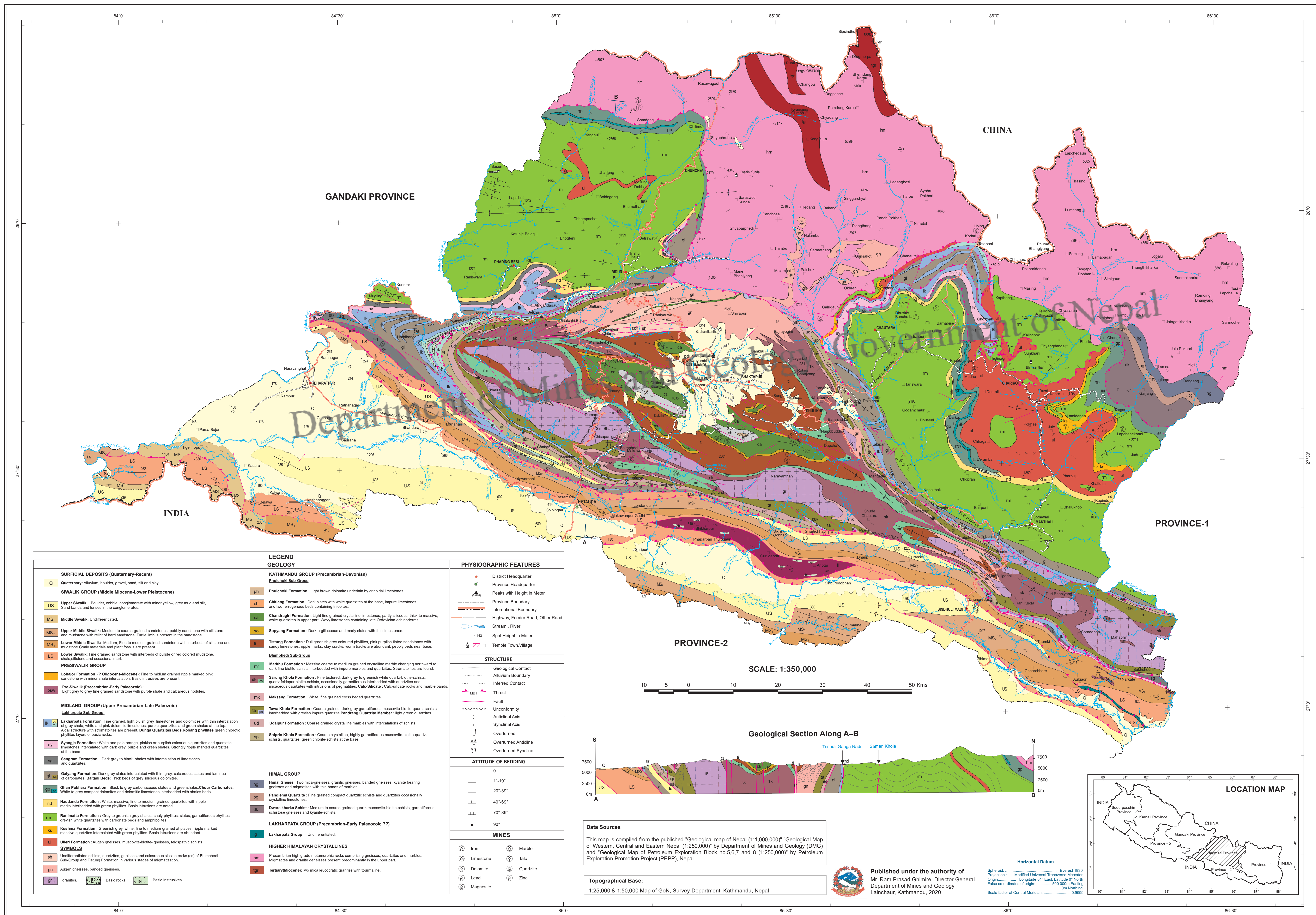


# GEOLOGICAL MAP OF BAGMATI PROVINCE, NEPAL



GANDAKI PROVINCE

CHINA

INDIA

PROVINCE-1

PROVINCE-2

## LEGEND

### GEOLOGY

- SURFICIAL DEPOSITS (Quaternary-Recent)**
  - Quaternary: Alluvium, boulder, gravel, sand, silt and clay.
- SIWALK GROUP (Middle Miocene-Lower Pleistocene)**
  - Upper Siwalk: Boulder, cobble, conglomerate with minor yellow, grey mud and silt. Sand bands and lenses in the conglomerates.
  - Middle Siwalk: Undifferentiated.
  - Upper Middle Siwalk: Medium to coarse-grained sandstones, pebbly sandstone with siltstone and mudstone with relic of hard sandstone. Turtle limb is present in the sandstone.
  - Lower Middle Siwalk: Medium, fine to medium grained sandstone with interbeds of siltstone and mudstone. Coaly materials and plant fossils are present.
  - Lower Siwalk: Fine grained sandstone with interbeds of purple or red colored mudstone, shale, siltstone and occasional marl.
- PRESIWALK GROUP**
  - Lohajor Formation (7 Oligocene-Miocene): Fine to medium grained ripple marked pink sandstone with minor shale intercalation. Basic intrusives are present.
  - Pre-Siwalk (Precambrian-Early Paleozoic): Light grey to grey fine grained sandstone with purple shale and calcareous nodules.
- MIDLAND GROUP (Upper Precambrian-Late Paleozoic)**
  - Lakharpata Sub-Group:
    - Lakharpata Formation: Fine grained, light bluish grey, limestones and dolomites with thin intercalation of grey shale, white and pink dolomitic limestones, purple quartzites and green shales at the top. Aqueous structure with stromatolites are present. Darga Quartzites Beds Robang phyllites green chloritic phyllites layers of basic rocks.
    - Syanga Formation: White and pale orange, pinkish or purplish calcareous quartzites and quartzitic limestones intercalated with dark grey, purple and green shales. Strongly ripple marked quartzites at the base.
    - Sangram Formation: Dark grey to black shales with intercalation of limestones and quartzites.
    - Galyang Formation: Dark grey shales intercalated with thin, grey, calcareous shales and laminae of carbonates. Bafeti Beds: Thick beds of grey siliceous dolomites.
    - Ghan Pokhara Formation: Black to grey carbonaceous shales and greenish-grey Chour Carbonates: White to grey compact dolomites and dolomitic limestones interbedded with shales beds.
    - Naudanda Formation: White to medium grained quartzites with ripple marks interbedded with green phyllites. Basic intrusions are noted.
    - Raninmeta Formation: Grey to greenish grey shales, shaly phyllites, slates, garnetiferous phyllites greyish white quartzites with carbonate beds and amphibolites.
    - Kushma Formation: Greenish grey, white, fine to medium grained at places, ripple marked massive quartzites intercalated with green phyllites. Basic intrusions are abundant.
    - Utteri Formation: Augen gneisses, muscovite-biotite-gneisses, feldspathic schists.
  - SYMBOLS
    - Undifferentiated schists, quartzites, gneisses and calcareous silicate rocks (cs) of Bhimphedi Sub-Group and Tistung Formation in various stages of migmatization.
    - Augen gneisses, banded gneisses.
    - granites.
    - Basic rocks
    - Basic intrusives
- KATHMANDU GROUP (Precambrian-Devonian)**
  - Phulchoki Sub-Group:
    - Phulchoki Formation: Light brown dolomite underlain by crinoidal limestones.
    - Chitlang Formation: Dark slates with white quartzites at the base, impure limestones and few ferruginous beds containing trilobites.
    - Chandragiri Formation: Light fine grained crystalline limestones, partly siliceous, thick to massive, white quartzites in upper part. Wavy limestones containing late Ordovician echinoderms.
    - Sopyang Formation: Dark argillaceous and marly slates with thin limestones.
    - Tistung Formation: Dull greenish grey coloured phyllites, pink purplish tinted sandstones with sandy limestones, ripple marks, clay cracks, worm tracks are abundant, pebbly beds near base.
  - Bhimphedi Sub-Group:
    - Mankhu Formation: Massive coarse to medium grained crystalline marble changing northward to dark fine biotite-schists interbedded with impure marbles and quartzites. Stromatolites are found.
    - Sarung Khola Formation: Fine textured, dark grey to greenish white quartz-biotite-schists, quartz schist, quartzite-schists, occasionally garnetiferous interbedded with quartzites and micaceous quartzites with intrusions of pegmatites. Calc-Silicate: Calc-silicate rocks and marble bands.
    - Maksang Formation: White, fine grained cross bedded quartzites.
    - Tawa Khola Formation: Coarse grained, dark grey garnetiferous muscovite-biotite-quartz-schists interbedded with greyish impure quartzite Pandrang Quartzite Member: light green quartzites.
    - Udalpur Formation: Coarse grained crystalline marbles with intercalations of schists.
    - Shipurin Khola Formation: Coarse crystalline, highly garnetiferous muscovite-biotite-quartz-schists, quartzites, green chlorite-schists at the base.
- HIMAL GROUP**
  - Himal Gneiss: Two mica-gneisses, granitic gneisses, banded gneisses, kyanite bearing gneisses and migmatites with thin bands of marbles.
  - Panglima Quartzite: Fine grained compact quartzitic schists and quartzites occasionally crystalline limestones.
  - Dwara kharka Schist: Medium to coarse grained quartz-muscovite-biotite-schists, garnetiferous schistose gneisses and kyanite-schists.
- LAKHARPATA GROUP (Precambrian-Early Paleozoic ??)**
  - Lakharpata Group: Undifferentiated.
- HIGHER HIMALAYAN CRYSTALLINES**
  - Precambrian high grade metamorphic rocks comprising gneisses, quartzites and marbles. Migmatites and granite gneisses present predominantly in the upper part.
  - Tertiary (Miocene) Two mica leucocratic granites with tourmaline.

### PHYSIOGRAPHIC FEATURES

- District Headquarter
- Province Headquarter
- Peaks with Height in Meter
- Province Boundary
- International Boundary
- Highway, Feeder Road, Other Road
- Stream, River
- Spot Height in Meter
- Temple, Town, Village

### STRUCTURE

- Geological Contact
- Alluvium Boundary
- Inferred Contact
- Thrust
- Fault
- Unconformity
- Anticlinal Axis
- Synclinal Axis
- Overturned
- Overturned Anticline
- Overturned Syncline

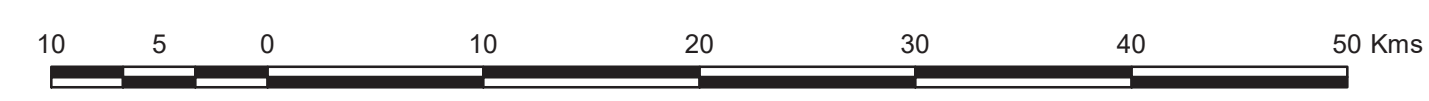
### ATTITUDE OF BEDDING

- 0°
- 1°-19°
- 20°-39°
- 40°-69°
- 70°-89°
- 90°

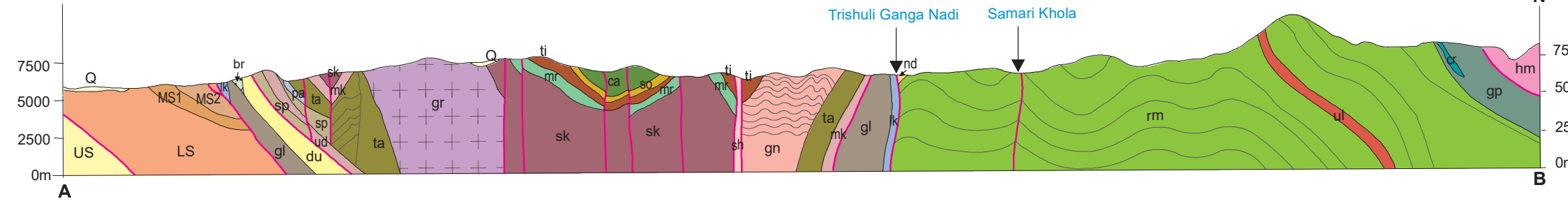
### MINES

- Iron
- Limestone
- Dolomite
- Lead
- Magnesite
- Marble
- Talc
- Quartzite
- Zinc

SCALE: 1:350,000



### Geological Section Along A-B



### Data Sources

This map is compiled from the published "Geological map of Nepal (1:1,000,000)", "Geological Map of Western, Central and Eastern Nepal (1:250,000)" by Department of Mines and Geology (DMG) and "Geological Map of Petroleum Exploration Block no.5,6,7 and 8 (1:250,000)" by Petroleum Exploration Promotion Project (PEPP), Nepal.

Topographical Base: 1:25,000 & 1:50,000 Map of GoN, Survey Department, Kathmandu, Nepal



Published under the authority of  
Mr. Ram Prasad Ghimire, Director General  
Department of Mines and Geology  
Lainchaur, Kathmandu, 2020

Horizontal Datum  
Spheroid: Everest 1830  
Projection: Modified Universal Transverse Mercator  
Origin: Longitude 84° East, Latitude 9° North  
False co-ordinates of origin: 500 000m Easting  
0m Northing  
Scale factor at Central Meridian: 0.9999

